Newport Mercury.

[1 *Dol.* 50 *Cts.* per Ann.] TUESDAY, MAY 20, 1800. [No. 1988.]

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Newport, May 12, 1800.

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Most respectfully informs the Public at large, and his *Old Friends* in particular, That he has commenced the Business of a BROKER and COMMISSION MERCHANT, and will transact every species of Commission Business, with Fidelity and Despatch. All Orders immediately attended to, and the smallest Favours gratefully acknowledged.

He has for Sale, on good Terms,

New Rice in Tierces.

A few Hogsheads of retailing Molasses.
30 Barrels Herring, in prime Order.
40 Quintals Codfish.
1 Box Glass Ware.
1 Crate Liverpool; Ditto blue & white.
Bohea Tea per Chest, or Half Chest.
A few Pieces German Linens, Diapers, and Russia Sheetings.
2 Barrels prime Pork.
1 Hogshead Tobacco.
And Two Barrels of Lampblack.
A few 7 by 9, and 10 by 8, Window-Glass.

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WILLIAM SHAW,
WILLIAM T. SLOCUM.

Newport, May 5, 1800.

Those Persons having Demands against the Estate of *REBECCA SAYER*, late of Newport, Widow, deceased, are desired to bring them in to the Subscriber for Settlement; and those indebted to said Estate are requested to make Payment to

EDMUND TOWNSEND, *Administrator.*

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The Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of South-Kingstown, having allowed a further Time of Six Months from the the 23d Day of April last, to the Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of THOMAS SHERMAN, deceased, represented insolvent; this is to give Notice, to all Persons who have Demands against said Estate, that they exhibit the same to either of us, at our respective Dwellings, within the Period aforesaid.

GEORGE BROWN,
JAMES SHERMAN, jun.

South-Kingstown, May 5, 1800.

All Persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make Payment to

ANN SHERMAN, *Administratrix.*

FOR SALE,

The ESTATE in Thames-street, occupied by the Subscriber.—An excellent Stand for Business.——Apply to

JOHN C. SCOTT.

Newport, May 13, 1800.

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THOMAS DURFEE,
WILLIAM HUMPHREY.

Tiverton, 5th May, 1800.

NATHAN B. MILLER

Most respectfully acquaints his Friends, in the Town and Country,

THAT he has lately received a fresh Supply of such Goods as are usually sold at his Store, consisting generally of

Brandy in Pipes—4th Proof, entitled to Drawback.

Sherry Wine in Ditto—entitled to Drawback—very good.

Ditto in Quarter-Casks.

Port-Wine in Pipes—of an excellent Quality.

India Sugars—Loaf Sugar by the Hundred, or less Quantity—brown Sugar by the Hogshead.

Boston Chocolate, fresh—a few Hogsheads of Jamaica Spirits.

Geneva by the Cask, and Pepper by the Bag.

Bohea Tea by the Chest, or less Quantity—the Whole of which will be sold as low as at any Store in Newport, for Cash, or approved Notes.

April 15, 1800.

JOHN & HENRY CAHOONE,

Have for Sale at their Store on Banister's Wharf,

BROWN SUGAR by the Hogshead or Barrel; 4th Proof Jamaica Rum by the Hogshead; Molasses by the Hogshead; Flour by the Barrel; Prime Pork by Ditto; prime and Cargo Beef by Ditto; Pimento by the Bag; Rosin by the Barrel; Powder by the Cask; Sheathing Paper by the Hundred; Salt petre'd Hams; Candles by the Box; Iron Cabouses; Turks-Island Salt; a few Boxes of Havanna Sugar and genuine SPANISH SEGARS.

—ALSO—

LIQUORS, of the best Kind, a general Assortment, and various other Articles in the Grocery Line, a complete Assortment of which they propose to be constantly supplied with.——Fishing Parties, Masters of Packets, Passengers, &c. may be supplied at said Store on the shortest Notice, with any Article they may want—and their Favours gratefully acknowledged.

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All Persons having Demands on the Estate of SETH DEAN, late of Newport, Mariner, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same for Settlement; and those indebted to said Estate to pay the Subscribers.

SILAS DEAN,
FRANCES DEAN, } *Executors.*

WHITE-LEAD, LINSEED-OIL.

A fresh Supply of the above Articles, with a general Assortment of PAINTER's COLOURS, for Sale; by

JAMES TAYLOR & CO.

☞ Drugs & Medicines, Wholesale and Retail, as usual.

Newport, April 7, 1800.

All Persons having Demands against the Estate of Dr. *ISAAC SENTER*, late of Newport, deceased, are desired to exhibit the same for Settlement; and all those indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate Payment to

ELIZABETH SENTER, *Administratrix.*

Newport, Jan. 13, 1800.

Congress

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

Monday, May 5.

MR. Nicholas, from the committee to whom was referred so much of the President's speech at the opening of the present session, as relates to the defence of the United States, made report, recommending the adoption of a resolution for appropriating the sum of 100,000 dollars, for the support and erection of fortifications.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Parker, after noticing the change of conduct in the French government, and their disposition to liberate American property, said he wished provision to be made for such of our citizens in France, whose vessels have not been condemned, and whose commanders, acting without information or instruction have conceived themselves, authorised to return with cargoes to this country, not having knowledge of the act recently passed by which both vessel and cargo is forfeited— and therefore moved the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures, be instructed to inquire whether any, and what further amendments, if any, are necessary to the act further to suspend the commercial intercourse between the United States and France and the dependencies thereof, and report their opinion thereon by bill or otherwise.

Mr. P. wished this motion to be immediately acted upon. One vessel had arrived at Norfolk under the circumstances mentioned; and it was probable there would be many more in a few days.

Mr. Nicholas wished the resolution to lie on the table—He was unwilling to act in this partial manner, as it would open the door to fraud. If a proposition was made to repeal the whole law, it would meet his hearty approbation.

The resolution was ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Pinckney brought in a bill to permit in certain cases the bringing Slaves into the Mississippi Territory—and Mr. Stone a bill making further provision for the relief of persons imprisoned for debt due the United States—which were respectively read and committed for to-morrow. Adjourned.

Tuesday, May 6.

Mr. Parker called up the resolution which he laid on the table yesterday, instructing the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures to inquire whether any and what further amendments are necessary to the non-Intercourse Law—which having been taken into consideration, Mr. P. again contended for the propriety of its adoption.

Mr. Macon moved to amend the resolution by instructing the committee to inquire into the expediency of bringing in a bill to repeal the law altogether—which was agreed to by Mr. Parker, and incorporated in his resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee of Commerce and Manufactures be instructed to inquire whether it be expedient to repeal *or amend* the act further to suspend the Commercial Intercourse between the United States and France and the dependencies thereof, and report their opinion thereon by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Nicholas moved to amend the resolution by striking out the words in *italic* in the 3d line.

A long debate took place on this motion, in which it was frequently observed, that the change of conduct on the part of the French government, which was manifest, ought to produce an equal change on our part—but that we should not touch one system of defence, without connecting with it another—that the power for ceasing of hostilities, which was lodged with the executive, would no doubt be justly exercised—and whenever circumstances would warrant the measure—which no doubt would be taken upon the receipt of the first despatches from our Ministers at Paris.

The motion to strike out was negatived; ayes 28.

Mr. Gallatin then opposed the resolution, on the ground that it would be highly improper to take any measure at the present time, which would change our defensive system—He had no wish even to see the bill amended—persons who may or have suffered could obtain relief by petitioning Congress who no doubt would grant it, wherever there was no fraud or collusion.

The question on the original resolution was put and negatived—ayes 40, noes 43.

A message was received from the senate by Mr. Otis their secretary, informing the house that the senate have passed the following bills, viz.

"An act supplementary to the act establishing the Mint, and regulating the coins of the United States—to which they request the concurrence of this house—and "an act to provide for the equalization of unseated lands."

Also, the following bill, with amendments, "an act to establish the district of Kennebunk, and to annex Lyme to New-London; to alter the district of Bermuda Hundred and City Point, and therein to amend the act intitled "an act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage."

The amendmenss of this bill were read and concurred in.

Wednesday, May 7.

Mr. Harper said, that by the terms of enlistment of the additional army, they were engaged to serve for three years, or until an amicable adjustment of the differences existing between the United States and France; from which circumstance the President was precluded, even if he knew the preliminaries of peace to be adjusted, from disbanding it until a treaty should be actually concluded and ratified by the two governments—whereby the troops would be kept for perhaps six months in service unnecessarily—the navy and other parts of our defensive system, were upon a different footing—he wished the army to be placed on a similar one, and therefore moved the following resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to authorise the President of the United States to discharge the additional army thereof, as soon as the state of things between the United States and the French Republic will warrant the measure.

The resolution was agreed to and referred to the committee of the whole house to whom was committed the bill from the Senate to suspend part of the act intitled "An act to augment the army of the United States."

The House again resolved itself into a committe of the whole on the further report of the Committee of ways and means on the subject of revenue—and the tax on drawbacks being under consideration—Mr. Griswold and Mr. Harper again spoke for and against the motion—Mr. Nicholas, Mr. Huger, and Mr. Randoph, also spoke against the motion, after which the question was taken and negatived, only 23 votes being in favor of it.

The fourth resolution to lay an additional duty of one half cent per pound on brown sugar and coffee imported into the United States, was opposed by Mr. Griswold, who doubted much the propriety of laying an additional duty on coffee, and therefore moved to strike out that article—the motion was opposed by Mr. Harper, and advocated by Mr. Sewall, who was of opinion this article was frequently smuggled, and was apprehensive it would be more so, if an additional duty were laid, and therefore would injure the revenue.

The motion was carried—ayes 38, noes 21.

The question on the resolution as amended was, after some debate, put and carried—ayes 45, noes 28.

The fifth resolution reported, to retain two and an half per centum on all drawbacks allowed for goods re-exported from the United States, in addition to the sums heretofore directed to be retained by law; and also on the whole of the additional duty on goods imported in foreign ships or vessels—was agreed to without debate—the committee then rose, and upon the question, will the house concur with the committee in their agreement to the resolution laying an additional duty on sugar, the yeas and nays were called for, and taken as follow: Ayes 54, Nays 28.

The other resolutions as amended, were also agreed to, and the Committee of Ways and Means directed to bring in a bill or bills conformable thereto.

A Message from the Senate, informed that they concur in the amendments of this House to the bill relative to the slave trade.

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A Message from the Senate, informed that they concur in the amendments of this House to the bill relative to the slave trade.

LONDON, March 10.

IT is reported that the Court of Spain has applied to the British government for permiſſion to bring from South-America twenty-five millions ſterling, and propoſed to give twenty-five per cent. for a ſafe conduct, which would amount to 6,250,000l.

Although Carnot has ſo recently returned from his exile, he is conſidered in France, as the perſon of the greateſt influence after Buonaparte.

The High Court of Admiralty are about to condemn the Dutch ſhips of war taken in the Mars Diep, off Helder Point, as legal prizes, and to order their produce to be ſhared among the Engliſh captors. Proctors are gone down to Litchfield in order to take the depoſition of the Dutch rear admiral Story, and other officers, who are there on their parole, reſpecting the ſurrender of his ſquadron to the Britiſh flag.

March 24.

On the 12th of January, about eight in the morning, ſeveral perſons in Southern Pruſſia ſaw three Suns appear on a ſudden. —They roſe majeſtically from the horizon. At ſeven o'clock, the ſky was clear and ſerene; a few minutes after, it was covered with clouds; and at half paſt eight, there were ſeen in the Eaſt, three columns of fire, the middle one of which roſe to the height of 45 degrees.—The two others, formed by the two other ſuns, were only a third as big as the middle one; they ſeemed to burn like a blazing fire—and, as they roſe, produced a majeſtic and awful effect.

Another phenomenon has occurred, in Poliſh Pruſſia. Near the village of Lahorin, in the diſtrict of Pizedoſe, is a lake, about a league long, and three-quarters of a league broad. A foreſt of oak is on one ſide, and the villages of Labotin and Zackrezowo on the other. This lake was, all at once, covered with red ſpots, which the ſuperſtitious inhabitants ſaid, were blood rained from Heaven. The peaſants from all parts ran to look at the miracle, and ſoon ſaw pieces of red matter float on the water, ſome of them five inches thick. The lake was frozen, and the red ſpots remained upon the ice. Three Members of the Adminiſtration proceeded to take cognizance of the phenomenon, and they remarked that the ſurface of the lake was in reality covered with ſpots of a bloody red in ſome places, with red and green ſpots, and with purple and violet ſpots in others. They cauſed the ice to be broken one foot from the bank, and they found a cruſt of red and green, three inches deep. Having penetrated to eleven inches depth, they found a red and green ſubſtance, ſome of it glutinous.

Two of the Adminiſtrators having reſolved to taſte it, found it extremely acid. It alſo produced an immediate, and very great pain, in the temples and ſtomach.—The melted ice produced a greyiſh water, which ſmelled of ſulphur. Experiments are now making at Berlin to aſcertain what it is, and a quantity of the water has been ſent to the Royal Academy there.

CHARLESTON (S.C.) April 14.

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Owing to the engagements of General Morris, the foregoing anſwer was not delivered to Mr. Bayard 'till ſome hours after its receipt, and in the evening Mr. Champlin received at his lodgings the following billet:

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"The rudeneſs of your anſwer, to my note of this morning, leaves me but one courſe to purſue.—My friend, Gen. Morris, will communicate to you my expectations, which I preſume you will not diſappoint.—If I could aſk any favour of you, it would be that no delay might be interpoſed in the buſineſs. Your obedient ſervant,

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Mr. Champlin immediately accepted the invitation, and ſaid that one of his friends would wait on General Morris in the morning. Mr. Champlin called on Mr. Rutledge the next day; informed him that he had received and accepted a challenge, and deſired that he would conſider himſelf as his ſecond. Mr. Rutledge wrote to General Morris, notifying him of it, and expreſſing a wiſh that the propoſed meeting might not take place immediately, as circumſtances which were not to be controuled by Mr. Champlin, rendered ſome delay deſirable.—In conſequence of this communication, and arrangements made by Gen. Morris and Mr. Rutledge, the meeting was delayed until laſt evening, when the parties met. Mr. Bayard fired on receiving the word, and Mr. Champlin one or two ſeconds after.—Mr. Bayard's ball entered Mr. Champlin's left cheek near the mouth, and paſſed out below the ear. Mr. Champlin's ball hit Mr. Bayard on the right thigh, ſome inches above the knee—they are both fleſh-wounds.—Mr. Bayard's is extremely ſlight, and it is more than probable Mr. Champlin will be ſufficiently recovered to go abroad in a few days. The ſeconds being of opinion that the parties ſhould not proceed, communicated their ſentiments to the gentlemen, who met half way, ſhook hands, and declared that no enmity was felt by either. Both the gentlemen diſplayed, throughout the whole of this tranſaction, the greateſt coolneſs, determination and courage, it was poſſible to exhibit. Yours, &c. &c.

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May 10.

Yeſterday forenoon, Peter Lacroix, Joſeph Baker, and Joſeph Berouſe, were executed on the iſland oppoſite the city, for Piracy and Murder, agreeable to their ſentence. The Reverend Clergy, of different denominations, aſſiſted theſe unhappy men, in devotional exerciſes, previous to their leaving priſon. Lacroix was attended to the place of execution, by a clergyman of the Preſbyterian church; and Baker and Berouſe were accompanied by a clergyman of the Roman Catholic perſuaſion.

About eleven o'clock they were brought from priſon by the civil officers, and conducted in a cart to Market-ſtreet wharf, where a boat received and conveyed them to the iſland. Being arrived at the fatal ſpot, the priſoners kneeled down, and after ſome time ſpent in prayer, with much contrition, on the part of Berouſe and Baker, they were prepared for the concluſion of the awful ſcene.——Lacroix (who, though he diſcovered to the ſpectators no external marks of penitence, yet in fact had ſuch exerciſes of mind as to afford to thoſe who converſed with him ſome ground for hope) firſt mounted the ſcaffold, and declaring his peace with all mankind, and hoping for the like diſpoſition towards him, and for the forgiveneſs of God for all his crimes—ſaid he was ready, and reſigned to his fate. He ſhewed, throughout, great compoſure.

The agitation of Baker and Berouſe was extreme; and they employed their remaining time, in the moſt earneſt ſupplications to the Almighty, for mercy and forgiveneſs, until the cart was drawn from under them, about 12 o'clock.

After hanging one hour, their bodies were put into coffins and buried near the gallows.

A vaſt concourſe of people witneſſed the execution. The wharves and ſhipping were crowded, and the iſland ſurrounded with boats and ſmall craft, filled with ſpectators.

May 12.

A privateer ſchooner, prize to the United States brig Eagle, Capt. Campbell, is below, from St. Kitts, having on board Lieut. Latimer, firſt Lieutenant of the Eagle, with deſpatches for government.

BY THE PRESIDENT
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an act of the Congreſs of the United States, paſſed the 27th day of February laſt, entitled, "An act further to ſuſpend the commercial intercourſe between the United States and France, and the dependencies thereof," it is enacted, That at any time, after the paſſing of ſaid act, it ſhall be lawful for the Preſident of the United States, by his order to remit and diſcontinue for the time being, whenever he ſhall deem it expedient and for the intereſt of the United States, all or any of the reſtraints and prohibitions impoſed by the ſaid act, in reſpect to the territories of the French Republic, or to any iſland, port or place, belonging to the ſaid republic, with which in his opinion a commercial intercourſe may be ſafely renewed; and to make proclamation thereof accordingly: and it is alſo thereby further enacted, that the whole of the iſland of Hiſpaniola ſhall, for the purpoſes of the ſaid act, be conſidered as a dependence of the French republic; and whereas the circumſtances of certain ports and places of the ſaid iſland, not compriſed in the proclamation of the Preſident of the United States bearing date the twenty-ſixth day of June, one thouſand ſeven hundred ninety-nine, are ſuch that I deem it expedient, and for the intereſt of the United States, to remit and diſcontinue the reſtraints and prohibitions impoſed by the ſaid act, in reſpect to thoſe ports and places, in order that a commercial intercourſe with the ſame may be renewed.

Therefore I, John Adams, Preſident of the United States, by virtue of the powers veſted in me as aforeſaid, do hereby remit and diſcontinue the reſtraints and prohibitions impoſed by the act aforeſaid, in reſpect to all the ports and places in the ſaid iſland of Hiſpaniola, from Montechriſti on the north, round by the eaſtern end thereof, as far as the port of Jacquemel, on the ſouth, incluſively: And it ſhall henceforth be lawful for veſſels of the United States to enter and trade at any of the ſaid ports and places; provided it be done with the conſent of the government of St. Domingo: And for this purpoſe it is hereby required, that ſuch veſſels firſt enter the port of Cape Francois or Port Republican, in the ſaid iſland, and there obtain the paſſports of the ſaid government, which ſhall alſo be ſigned by the conſul-general or conſul of the United States reſiding at Cape-Francois or Port Republican, permitting ſuch veſſels to go thence to the other ports and places of the ſaid iſland herein before mentioned and deſcribed. Of all which the collectors of the cuſtoms, and all others officers and citizens of the United States, are to take due notice, and govern themſelves.

Given under my hand and the ſeal of the United States, at Philadelphia, (L.S.) the ninth day of May, in the year of our Lord 1800, and of the Independence of the United States the twenty-fourth.

JOHN ADAMS.

By the PRESIDENT.

TIMOTHY PICKERING.
Secretary of State.

From ST. DOMINGO.

Rigaud, commander in chief of the troops in the Southern department of St. Domingo, has iſſued a Proclamation, dated the 23d of Ventoſe (March 14) in which he expatiates on their bravery and ſufferings in ſieges and aſſaults, and giving an example of heroic reſiſtance, above all praiſe—after repreſenting Touſſaint, as a tyger, as a dreadful monſter in human ſhape, who, not content with aſſaſſinating above 2000 perſons in the environs of Jacquemel, and cauſing to be ſhot from a cannon or drowned, an equal number of thoſe victims; but actually ſacrificed 7000 of his own men, and was ſtill preparing to exhibit the ſame horrors in the ſouthern department—he ſays, "But I ſwear by thoſe indiſſoluble ties that ought ever to unite us, by that energy, the effects of which were related to him, after the battles he had provoked, that if he has the folly to undertake ſo execrable a project, his hordes ſhall not penetrate two leagues in this department, before they ſhall be completely enveloped. The firſt of all laws, is that which dictates to men, the means of their own preſervation—that nature has created, and that every free conſtitution has rendered ſacred; that ſhall direct all our efforts.—Let all the true friends of France riſe *en maſſe*, and then let the three-headed monſter, that has betrayed Spain, England, France and its friends, betrayed even the emigrants that he reſtrained or invited to St. Domingo, the atrocious fanatic who feeds on the blood of men; let him then preſent himſelf, and the earth ſhall be purged of ſo great an abomination, and nature corrected of the error ſhe committed, in giving him a human form.——Citizens of all colours, and of every profeſſion, let us conſult our own preſervation; the ſafety of the Southern department depends thereon; we ſhall ſave our parent country by uſing the means to protect ourſelves. Let us repeat the oath of fidelity to the preſent government; union among ourſelves, and conſtancy at our poſts; let us be faithful to our oaths, and we ſhall be victorious."

May 15.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Calcutta, to his correſpondent in Philadelphia.

"The friends to the United States of America here have been agreeably ſurprized by the arrival of an adventure from an American Eaſt-India Company.——Indeed it has long been a matter of aſtoniſhment here, that among the many inſtances of great enterprize, to form an American India Company has been ſo long neglected; ſince, by the means of a permanent Company only, the neceſſary confidence and credits are to be eſtabliſhed throughout India. —The time allowed the Company's agents to procure goods, and the rendering any further ſhipments of ſpecie immediately from America unneceſſary; all theſe circumſtances, when combined with others equally obvious, muſt make a ſaving of at leaſt 25 per cent. to the concerned."

May 13.

We were miſinformed, when we ſtated in our Gazette of yeſterday, that Mr. Pickering had *reſigned* his office. We are now, correctly informed, that he *refuſed to reſign* and was thereupon *removed* by the Preſident.

May 14.

Charles Lee, now attorney-general of the United States, has been appointed to execute the duties of Secretary of State until the preſent vacancy ſhall be filled.

From Mr. Fenno's Paper.

"To prevent any improper ſuſpicions or inſinuations, on the ſubject of Mr. Pickering's ejection from office, it appears to me proper to ſtate, that no charge of whatever nature has been advanced againſt him. The ſtep is generally conceived to have been taken on political grounds."

NEW-YORK, May 12.

On Sunday evening arrived at this port, the Britiſh Packet Lady Hobart, in 7 days from Halifax in Nova-Scotia, and 56 from Falmouth in Great-Britain. Her papers are not ſo late as thoſe by the Fanny: Letters by her were received at Halifax to the 18th March, and it is probable ſome of that date may have been received here, but we do not learn that they afford any intelligence politically important.

In the Halifax Chronicle of May 3d, the capture of the ſhips Charlotte and Warren from this port, is announced in the following manner:—"His Majeſty's ſhip Cleo-"patra, which ſailed a few days ſince for "New-York, fell in with two veſſels under "American colours from that place, one "bound for ſome port in Spain, the other "for Amſterdam; both which Capt. Pel-"lew thought proper to ſend hither for "examination. The ſhip Charlotte, Green-"field, bound for Amſterdam, arrived here "on Tueſday; and the other may be hour-"ly expected."

From what is called by the editor of the Halifax paper a moderate calculation, it is computed that the force of the powers coaleſced againſt France will amount, at the opening of the campaign (notwithſtanding the dereliction of the Ruſſians) to upwards of 240,000 effective men; whilſt that of the Republic is repreſented to make a total of only 150,000. The latter ſtatement is from the ſuppoſition that the three French armies deſtined to act in Italy, Switzerland, and on the Rhine, could not be increaſed by the firſt of April to more than 50,000

LONDON, March 10.

It is reported that the Court of Spain has applied to the British government for permiſſion to bring from South-America twenty-five millions ſterling, and propoſed to give twenty-five per cent. for a ſafe conduct, which would amount to 6,250,000l.

Although Carnot has ſo recently returned from his exile, he is conſidered in France, as the perſon of the greateſt influence after Buonaparte.

The High Court of Admiralty are about to condemn the Dutch ſhips of war taken in the Mars Diep, off Helder Point, as legal prizes, and to order their produce to be ſhared among the Engliſh captors. Proctors are gone down to Litchfield in order to take the depoſition of the Dutch rear admiral Story, and other officers, who are there on their parole, reſpecting the ſurrender of his ſquadron to the Britiſh flag.

March 24.

On the 12th of January, about eight in the morning, ſeveral perſons in Southern Pruſſia ſaw three Suns appear on a ſudden. —They roſe majeſtically from the horizon. At ſeven o'clock, the ſky was clear and ſerene; a few minutes after, it was covered with clouds; and at half paſt eight, there were ſeen in the Eaſt, three columns of fire, the middle one of which roſe to the height of 45 degrees.—The two others, formed by the two other ſuns, were only a third as big as the middle one; they ſeemed to burn like a blazing fire—and, as they roſe, produced a majeſtic and awful effect.

Another phenomenon has occurred, in Poliſh Pruſſia. Near the village of Lahorin, in the diſtrict of Pizedoſe, is a lake, about a league long, and three-quarters of a league broad. A foreſt of oak is on one ſide, and the villages of Labotin and Zackrezowo on the other. This lake was, all at once, covered with red ſpots, which the ſuperſtitious inhabitants ſaid, were blood rained from Heaven. The peaſants from all parts ran to look at the miracle, and ſoon ſaw pieces of red matter float on the water, ſome of them five inches thick. The lake was frozen, and the red ſpots remained upon the ice. Three Members of the Adminiſtration proceeded to take cognizance of the phenomenon, and they remarked that the ſurface of the lake was in reality covered with ſpots of a bloody red in ſome places, with red and green ſpots, and with purple and violet ſpots in others. They cauſed the ice to be broken one foot from the bank, and they found a cruſt of red and green, three inches deep. Having penetrated to eleven inches depth, they found a red and green ſubſtance, ſome of it glutinous.

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Yeſterday forenoon, Peter Lacroix, Joſeph Baker, and Joſeph Berouſe, were executed on the iſland oppoſite the city, for Piracy and Murder, agreeable to their ſentence. The Reverend Clergy, of different denominations, aſſiſted theſe unhappy men, in devotional exerciſes, previous to their leaving priſon. Lacroix was attended to the place of execution, by a clergyman of the Preſbyterian church; and Baker and Berouſe were accompanied by a clergyman of the Roman Catholic perſuaſion.

About eleven o'clock they were brought from priſon by the civil officers, and conducted in a cart to Market-ſtreet wharf, where a boat received and conveyed them to the iſland. Being arrived at the fatal ſpot, the priſoners kneeled down, and after ſome time ſpent in prayer, with much contrition, on the part of Berouſe and Baker, they were prepared for the concluſion of the awful ſcene.——Lacroix (who, though he diſcovered to the ſpectators no external marks of penitence, yet in fact had ſuch exerciſes of mind as to afford to thoſe who converſed with him ſome ground for hope) firſt mounted the ſcaffold, and declaring his peace with all mankind, and hoping for the like diſpoſition towards him, and for the forgiveneſs of God for all his crimes—ſaid he was ready, and reſigned to his fate. He ſhewed, throughout, great compoſure.

The agitation of Baker and Berouſe was extreme; and they employed their remaining time, in the moſt earneſt ſupplications to the Almighty, for mercy and forgiveneſs, until the cart was drawn from under them, about 12 o'clock.

After hanging one hour, their bodies were put into coffins and buried near the gallows.

A vaſt concourſe of people witneſſed the execution. The wharves and ſhipping were crowded, and the iſland ſurrounded with boats and ſmall craft, filled with ſpectators.

May 12.

A privateer ſchooner, prize to the United States brig Eagle, Capt. Campbell, is below, from St. Kitts, having on board Lieut. Latimer, firſt Lieutenant of the Eagle, with deſpatches for government.

BY THE PRESIDENT
OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by an act of the Congreſs of the United States, paſſed the 27th day of February laſt, entitled, "An act further to ſuſpend the commercial intercourſe between the United States and France, and the dependencies thereof," it is enacted, That at any time, after the paſſing of ſaid act, it ſhall be lawful for the Preſident of the United States, by his order to remit and diſcontinue for the time being, whenever he ſhall deem it expedient and for the intereſt of the United States, all or any of the reſtraints and prohibitions impoſed by the ſaid act, in reſpect to the territories of the French Republic, or to any iſland, port or place, belonging to the ſaid republic, with which in his opinion a commercial intercourſe may be ſafely renewed; and to make proclamation thereof accordingly: and it is alſo thereby further enacted, that the whole of the iſland of Hiſpaniola ſhall, for the purpoſes of the ſaid act, be conſidered as a dependence of the French republic; and whereas the circumſtances of certain ports and places of the ſaid iſland, not compriſed in the proclamation of the Preſident of the United States bearing date the twenty-ſixth day of June, one thouſand ſeven hundred ninety-nine, are ſuch that I deem it expedient, and for the intereſt of the United States, to remit and diſcontinue the reſtraints and prohibitions impoſed by the ſaid act, in reſpect to thoſe ports and places, in order that a commercial intercourſe with the ſame may be renewed.

Therefore I, John Adams, Preſident of the United States, by virtue of the powers veſted in me as aforeſaid, do hereby remit and diſcontinue the reſtraints and prohibitions impoſed by the act aforeſaid, in reſpect to all the ports and places in the ſaid iſland of Hiſpaniola, from Montechriſti on the north, round by the eaſtern end thereof, as far as the port of Jacquemel, on the ſouth, incluſively: And it ſhall henceforth be lawful for veſſels of the United States to enter and trade at any of the ſaid ports and places; provided it be done with the conſent of the government of St. Domingo: And for this purpoſe it is hereby required, that ſuch veſſels firſt enter the port of Cape Francois or Port Republican, in the ſaid iſland, and there obtain the paſſports of the ſaid government, which ſhall alſo be ſigned by the conſul-general or conſul of the United States reſiding at Cape-Francois or Port Republican, permitting ſuch veſſels to go thence to the other ports and places of the ſaid iſland herein before mentioned and deſcribed. Of all which the collectors of the cuſtoms, and all others officers and citizens of the United States, are to take due notice, and govern themſelves.

Given under my hand and the ſeal of the United States, at Philadelphia, (L.S.) the ninth day of May, in the year of our Lord 1800, and of the Independence of the United States the twenty-fourth.

JOHN ADAMS.

By the *PRESIDENT*.

TIMOTHY PICKERING.
Secretary of State.

From ST. DOMINGO.

Rigaud, commander in chief of the troops in the Southern department of St. Domingo, has iſſued a Proclamation, dated the 23d of Ventoſe (March 14) in which he expatiates on their bravery and ſufferings in ſieges and aſſaults, and giving an example of heroic reſiſtance, above all praiſe—after repreſenting Touſſaint, as a tyger, as a dreadful monſter in human ſhape, who, not content with aſſaſſinating above 2000 perſons in the environs of Jacquemel, and cauſing to be ſhot from a cannon or drowned, an equal number of thoſe victims; but actually ſacrificed 7000 of his own men, and was ſtill preparing to exhibit the ſame horrors in the ſouthern department—he ſays, "But I ſwear by thoſe indiſſoluble ties that ought ever to unite us, by that energy, the effects of which were related to him, after the battles he had provoked, that if he has the folly to undertake ſo execrable a project, his hordes ſhall not penetrate two leagues in this department, before they ſhall be completely enveloped. The firſt of all laws, is that which dictates to men, the means of their own preſervation—that nature has created, and that every free conſtitution has rendered ſacred; that ſhall direct all our efforts.—Let all the true friends of France riſe *en maſſe*, and then let the three-headed monſter, that has betrayed Spain, England, France and its friends, betrayed even the emigrants that he reſtrained or invited to St. Domingo, the atrocious fanatic who feeds on the blood of men; let him then preſent himſelf, and the earth ſhall be purged of ſo great an abomination, and nature corrected of the error ſhe committed, in giving him a human form.——Citizens of all colours, and of every profeſſion, let us conſult our own preſervation; the ſafety of the Southern department depends thereon; we ſhall ſave our parent country by uſing the means to protect ourſelves. Let us repeat the oath of fidelity to the preſent government; union among ourſelves, and conſtancy at our poſts; let us be faithful to our oaths, and we ſhall be victorious."

May 15.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Calcutta, to his correſpondent in Phladelphia.

"The friends to the United States of America here have been agreeably ſurprized by the arrival of an adventure from an American Eaſt-India Company.——Indeed it has long been a matter of aſtoniſhment here, that among the many inſtances of great enterprize, to form an American India Company has been ſo long neglected; ſince, by the means of a permanent Company only, the neceſſary confidence and credits are to be eſtabliſhed throughout India.—The time allowed the Company's agents to procure goods, and the rendering any further ſhipments of ſpecie immediately from America unneceſſary; all theſe circumſtances, when combined with others equally obvious, muſt make a ſaving of at leaſt 25 per cent. to the concerned."

May 13.

We were miſinformed, when we ſtated in our Gazette of yeſterday, that Mr. Pickering had *reſigned* his office. We are now, correctly informed, that he *refuſed to reſign* and was thereupon *removed* by the Preſident.

May 14.

Charles Lee, now attorney-general of the United States, has been appointed to execute the duties of Secretary of State until the preſent vacancy ſhall be filled.

From Mr. Fenno's Paper.

"To prevent any improper ſuſpicions or inſinuations, on the ſubject of Mr. Pickering's ejection from office, it appears to me proper to ſtate, that no charge of whatever nature has been advanced againſt him. The ſtep is generally conceived to have been taken on political grounds."

NEW-YORK, May 12.

On Sunday evening arrived at this port, the Britiſh Packet Lady Hobart, in 7 days from Halifax in Nova-Scotia, and 56 from Falmouth in Great-Britain. Her papers are not ſo late as thoſe by the Fanny: Letters by her were received at Halifax to the 18th March, and it is probable ſome of that date may have been received here, but we do not learn that they afford any intelligence politically important.

In the Halifax Chronicle of May 3d, the capture of the ſhips Charlotte and Warren from this port, is announced in the following manner:—"His Majeſty's ſhip Cleopatra, which ſailed a few days ſince for New-York, fell in with two veſſels under American colours from that place, one bound for ſome port in Spain, the other for Amſterdam; both which Capt. Peſlew thought proper to ſend hither for examination. The ſhip Charlotte, Greenfield, bound for Amſterdam, arrived here on Tueſday; and the other may be hourly expected."

From what is called by the editor of the Halifax paper a moderate calculation, it is computed that the force of the powers coaleſced againſt France will amount, at the opening of the campaign (notwithſtanding the dereliction of the Ruſſians) to upwards of 240,000 effective men; whilſt that of the Republic is repreſented to make a total of only 150,000. The latter ſtatement is from the ſuppoſition that the three French armies deſtined to act in Italy, Switzerland, and on the Rhine, could not be increaſed by the firſt of April to more than 50,000

...eb. The combined forces in this eaſe ...ill have a very powerful majority.

May 15.

The ſupercargo of the brig American, ...hich arrived on Tueſday at Baltimore ...om St. Sebaſtians, in Spain, communicates ...e following information :—

That the American Envoys travelled ...rough the French territory, on their way ... Paris, *incog.* but wherever they were ...ſcovered, were received and entertained ...ith the moſt enthuſiaſtic reſpect and hoſpi...lity—that they arrived in Paris a few ...ays before a National fete was performed ... honor of our deceaſed *WASHINGTON*, ...hoſe buſt was placed in the gallery of the ...huilleries, in preſence of the Conſuls and ...ief officers of the French nation ; a par...icular ſeat being aſſigned to our Envoys, ...hey declined the intended honor, and mixed ...mong the croud of the populace.

The people of France look on the proſpect ...f a new campaign as certain ; and the ...nergies of the nation have received a new ...mpulſe from the unlimited confidence which ...uonaparte has inſpired.

The coolneſs with which the Chancellor ...f the Exchequer of Ireland and Mr. Grat...n retired from the Houſe of Commons to ...ght a duel, and in ſo ſhort time returned ...gain, reminds us of the powder and ſhot ...ociety eſtabliſhed in the year 1788 in Dub...in, when every member had a brace of piſtols ...t the ſide of his plate as regularly as we ...ow meet with glaſſes.—If any difference in ...onverſation occurred it was, "Sir, will you ...o me the honor to exchange a ſhot?" They ...etired immediately with two waiters by ...ay of ſeconds, to an adjacent chamber, and ...f it occaſioned a wound they would return ...o table, and no notice was taken of it in the ...lub. If either party fell, it was a ſtanding ...rder that no inquiry ſhould be made for ...im.

NEW-LONDON, May 14.

On Monday laſt the body of an infant, ...as found in the dock, between Hallam and ...umford's wharves. From appearance it ...as murdered before being thrown into the ...ater. It had been ſome time in the water.

BOSTON, May 12.

FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN.

On Saturday laſt arrived in the outer har...our the ſhip Favourite, Capt. Ellery, from ...alaga, via Gibralter, 32 days from the lat...r place, by which we have received the ...llowing information :

A letter from a houſe of the firſt reſpectabi...ity at Gibraltar, dated, March 31ſt, 1800, informs that,

"Affairs in Italy have rather a favorable ...pect ; and it is probable more of that ...ountry will be freed from the French this ...ummer, than was expected.

"The remains of the army of Egypt, ...late Buonaparte's) have capitulated with ...he Turks, and are to be ſent home, and not ...ſerve again during the war. The return ...f theſe people to France will be of no ſer...ice to Buonaparte's cauſe, as they blame ...im much for leaving them."

VALUABLE CAPTURE.

The following particulars are extracted from the minutes of the ſhip Favorite, Capt. Ellery, from Gibralter.

"On the 8th April, fell in with the Levi...athen of 74 guns, Admiral Duckworth, who ...ad with him two Spaniſh frigates and 7 ...paniſh merchantmen, captured two days ...efore, bound from Cadiz to Lima. They ...ad been with Admiral Duckworth all the ...ight, preceding their capture, miſtaking her ...or one of themſelves, and did not 'till the ...orning diſcover their error, when the two ...rigates were engaged by the Leviathen, to ...hom they ſtruck after a ſmart action!!

The Swiftſure, Capt. Hallowell, had been ...ut by the Admiral in chaſe of other ſhips ...f the ſame convoy—ſucceſs unknown.

LOSS of the BRITISH SHIP, QUEEN CHARLOTTE, of 100 GUNS.

We have letters from the Streights, which announce the loſs of this valuable ſhip which ...ook fire, on the 17th March laſt, and blew ...p. The particulars are, that ſhe took fire ...n ſight of Leghorn, by accident, and was ...onſumed ; out of 800 ſouls on board, but ...30 were ſaved—the Captain and Lieuten...ant, and many other officers, were among ...he loſt ; ſhe was Lord Keith's flag-ſhip, ...ut fortunately his Lordſhip's was on ſhore, ...when the diſaſter took place. The following ...is a copy of the letter, addreſſed to the Maſ...ter of the American ſhip Caſtor and Pollux, ...from Lord Keith, in teſtimony of his grati...tude for the aſſiſtance granted the unhappy ...crew by him, and other American maſters ...preſent :

Leghorn, 25th March, 1800.

SIR,

Having been made acquainted by the offi...cers ſaved from the wreck of His Britannic Majeſty's ſhip, Queen Charlotte, on the 17th inſt. with the activity and humanity, evinced by you, and the Maſters and Crews of other ſhips belonging to the United States of America, whoſe names I have not been able to obtain : I beg leave to offer you and them my ſincere acknowledgments, and to aſſure you that I ſhall have great pleaſure in communicating to the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, the importance of the ſervices which were rendered by you and them, to the unhappy ſufferers, on that melancholy occaſion.

I am, Sir, your humble ſervant,

(Signed) KEITH.

Mr. ROBINSON, *Maſter of the American ſhip Caſtor & Pollux.*

May 17.

FROM EUROPE.

Since our laſt, the ſhip Galen, Capt. Seward, has arrived here from London. Our files of London papers are to the 23d March —a few days later than before received in the United States.

On the 22d March, five of the delayed Mails from Hamburgh, arrived at London. Their contents are not very important ; but they bear indications of a negociation for Peace between the Emperor of Germany, and the Prime Conſul of France.—Theſe indications appear in the continual interchange of ccuriers, and communications between the two cabinets ;—in the propoſition which Buonaparte has made to withdraw all his troops from Italy, and make the Rhine the boundaries of the Republic ; in the inactivity, or mere parade of warlike preparation, which prevails in both armies ; and, it is added, in the precarious ſituation in which Auſtria finds itſelf from the rapidly declining health of the Emperor ; and from the neceſſity it will be under to require the aſſiſtance of France in preventing, in caſe of the death of the Emperor, the King of Pruſſia being elected King of the Romans ; and conſequently the Imperial diadem from being transferred to the Houſe of Brandenbourg. It is a fact, that one of Buonaparte's principal Generals remained at the Auſtrian head-quarters ſeveral days, perfectly at liberty ; and that French officers of rank are frequently paſſing thoſe head-quarters from Paris to Vienna, and back. Either Prince Charles does not expect a renewal of hoſtilities, or he has no naked parts which he fears ſhould be expoſed. The Britiſh government writers, admit the poſſibility of the report reſpecting this negociation to be well founded ; and aver they can ſee nothing in it alarming to Great-Britain ; as ihe will be able to command a better Peace when ſtanding alone, than when compelled to ſacrifice its conqueſts to the intereſts of others.

The Auſtrian army is in great force, exceeding 150,000 troops plentifully ſupplied, and well paid. The health of the Archduke has made it neceſſary for him to repair to Tophtz.—Gen. Kray commands in chief in his abſence.

In Italy, it is ſaid, the French garriſon of Genoa has made propoſitions to Gen. Ott, to evacuate the place. The Auſtrians are in force in the neighbourhood of Genoa ; and have opened their trenches before Gavi.

The Ruſſian troops have poſſitively returned home ; and the Emperor of Ruſſia has officially notified the Courts of Berlin and Dreſden thereof.—It is, however, ſtill maintained that 45,000 of theſe iron caſed veterans will be employed by Great Britain, in enterprizes and expeditions.

Several accounts mention a negociation between the Grand Vizier and General Kleber in Egypt for the evacuation of that country by the French.

An expedition, in which 17 batallions of Engliſh troops were to be employed, beſides Ruſſians, was in readineſs to ſail, when the Galen left England. It is commanded by Gen. Stuart. Its deſtination is ſuppoſed to be Malta ; and when reinforced, Egypt.

We do not learn any particulars of the progreſs of the negociation at Paris. Our Envoys we find attended the Funeral Eulogy pronounced at the Pantheon, in honor of WASHINGTON.

In Ireland, ſtrong ſymptoms of rebellion have re-appeared in ſeveral counties ; a new "Rebellion Bill" has paſſed the Iriſh Parliament ; and large bodies of troops were embarked in England for Ireland. The buſineſs of the Union is generally ſettled : —but the bill has to receive the ſanction of the Britiſh Parliament.

Mr. Sitgreaves has ſafely arrived in London, on negociations reſpecting the Britiſh treaty.

Iſrael Wheeling, Eſq; is nominated Purveyor of Public Supplies, vice Mr. Francis, deceaſed.

SLAVE-TRADE.

By the additional Law which has juſt paſſed Congreſs, it is enacted, That the Secretary of the Treaſury cauſe an abſtract of all judgments, which ſhall be rendered againſt perſons concerned in this trade, to be publiſhed in one or more news-papers ; and the party againſt whom judgment ſhall be rendered, ſhall ever after ſaid judgment, be incapable of holding, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, any veſſel, regiſtered under the laws of the *United States ;* and ſhall be incapable of enjoying any commercial privileges or advantages, which are or may be conferred on citizens of the *United States.*

NEWPORT, *May* 20.

The Hon. JOHN MARSHALL, Eſq; of Virginia, has been nominated Secretary of State, vice Timothy Pickering, Eſq.

The Hon. SAMUEL DEXTER, Eſq; Senator of the United States for the State of Maſſachuſetts, has been nominated Secretary of War, vice James M'Henry, Eſq; reſigned.

Jared Ingerſoll, Eſq; is nominated Attorney of the United States, for the Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, vice William Rawle, Eſq; reſigned.

Joſhua Johnſon, Eſq; of Georgetown, Maryland, formerly Conſul of the United States at London, is appointed Superintendant of the General Stamp-Office, to be eſtabliſhed at the City of Waſhington.

We learn, from very reſpectable Authority at Philadelphia, that the Obſervations which *originated* the Diſpute, between Mr. Champlin and Mr. Bayard, were made by Mr. Bayard, on the comparative Importance of the State of Rhode-Iſland and Delaware ; in which he ſpoke ſo diminutively of the State of Rhode-Iſland as to offend Mr. Champlin, who thought the Honor and Dignity of his State implicated.

The Ship Hercules, Capt. Dawſon, is arrived at Savannah from Guernſey. When Captain Dawſon left Guernſey there were 12,000 Ruſſian Troops there, and more daily expected to join them on an Expedition againſt the Coaſt of France.

On Thurſday the 8th Inſtant, the General Election of civil Officers of the State of Connecticut was held at Hartford, when his Excellency Jonathan Trumbull, was re-elected Governor, and the Honorable John Treadwell, Lieut. Gov. almoſt unanimouſly. The old Members of the Council were all re-elected, except Mr. Swift, now abſent as Secretary in the Embaſſy to France, in whoſe Place John Allen, Eſq; late Repreſentative in Congreſs, is elected. John C. Smith, Eſq; is choſen Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

DIED.]—At New-London, *John Hallam*, Eſq; Caſhier of Union Bank, aged 38 Years, much and deſervedly regretted.

—At Middletown (on this Iſland) the 18th Inſtant, in the 87th Year of her Age, Mrs. *Rebecca Barker*, Widow of the late John Barker, Eſq.

Meteorological TABLE. Fahren. Therm. 1800.

Mar.	Thermo. 7 A.M.	Deg.	Thermo. 3 P.M.	Wind. 7 A.M.	Wind. 3 P.M.	Weather. 7 A.M.	Weather. 3 P.M.
13	58		59	SW.	Do.	Fog.	Fair.
14	56		58	N.	SW.	Fair.	Do.
15	57		59	S.	N.	Cloudy.	Rain.
16	58		59	N.	SE.	Fair.	Do.
17	57		59	N.	SE.	Fair.	Cloudy.
18	59		61½	SE.	Do.	Cloudy.	Rain.
19	62		67	SE.	NW.	Cloudy.	Fair.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, May 19.

ENTERED,	*From*
Sloop Ranger, Bliven,	New-York
Schooner Liberty, Chace,	Beacon-Iſland
Sloop Eagle, Earl,	New-York
—— Concord, Cahoone,	Ditto
—— Liberty, Mooers,	Nantucket
CLEARED,	*For*
Snow Mary, Tayer,	Havanna
Sloop Little-Charlotte, Cornell,	Ditto
—— Patſey, Peaſe,	Cherry-Stone
—— Semiramis, Marſhall,	New-York
—— Leopard, Farnam,	Providence
—— Polly, Tripp,	Stonington

TO BE LET,

About 25 Acres of LAND, a little Eaſtward of Mr. *BRINLY's* Rope-walk, very ſuitable for Paſturage.——Any Perſon having Cows, &c. to paſture, may know the Terms by applying to

SAMUEL F. GARDNER.

Newport, May 19, 1800

FOR SALE,

Four Thouſand Clapboards.—Apply to JUDAH M. ISAACKS.

Newport, May 20, 1800.

Wanted, as an Apprentice to the BAKING Buſineſs, a ſtout, active Lad, of about 16 Years of Age.——Apply to

BENJAMIN HILL.

Newport, May 20, 1800.

All Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of ABEL COTTRELL, late of South-Kingſtown, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent, are hereby notified to exhibit the ſame for Allowance, within ſix Months from the Date hereof, to the Subſcribers, who are duly appointed Commiſſioners, to receive and examine the ſame.

SAMUEL E. GARDINER,
JOHN HAGABORN.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to make Payment to

ABEL COTTRELL, *Executor.*

South-Kingſtown, May 14, 1800.

NOTICE.

The Drawing of the BARRINGTON MEETING-HOUSE LOTTERY is, on Account of the Indiſpoſition of one of the Managers, poſtponed to Monday the 23d of June next—at which Time it will poſitively commence, and be continued from Day to Day until completed.

JOSHUA BICKNALL,
THOMAS ALLEN, } *Managers.*

Barrington, 15th May, 1800.

*** Tickets, in the above Lottery, may be had at the Book-Store of *WILLIAM R. WILDER*, in Thames-ſtreet, Newport.

SCHEME,

OF the Second and laſt claſs of the PHILANTHROPIC LOTTERY, granted by the Legiſlature of the ſtate of Vermont at their ſeſſion in October, 1798, for the benefit of the unfortunate Mr. HAWKINS.

Prizes.		*Dollars.*		*Dollars.*
1	of	3000	is	3000
4		1000		4000
8		500		4000
12		100		1200
100		50		5000
100		25		2500
200		10		2000
3575		4		14300
				36000

4000 *Prizes*, 8000 *Blanks.* } *Two blanks to a prize*

1200 *tickets at* 3 *dolls. each are* 36000

(Subject to a deduction of 15 per cent.)

The laſt drawn Blank will be entitled to One Thouſand Dollars, being one of the *Four* One Thouſand Dollar Prizes ; which will be reſerved for that purpoſe.

The Drawing of ſaid Lottery will commence in Boſton, on the 28th day of July next.

SETH STORRS, *Manager.*
JOHN BOYLE, Boſton,
Appointed to ſuperintend the Drawing.

☞ Tickets and parts of Tickets in the above Lottery may be had at the Poſt-Office, Newport.

THOMAS HOWLAND,
BROKER,

HAS FOR SALE,

Ten Shares in the Newport Inſurance Company.

One Right in the Ohio's Company's Purchaſe.

400 Wt. Deck Nails.

A few Barrels of Real Strain'd Oil.

Three Hogſheads Jamaica Sugars, of a ſuperior Quality.

A few Pieces Dowlas and Oil-Cloths.

30 Wt. Indigo of a good Quality.

Newport, May 19, 1800.

Whereas the Hon. Court of Probate having appointed Ebenezer Kinſbury, Eſq; Capt. Evan Malbone, and Mr. Benjamin Durkee, of Pomfret, in the State of Connecticut, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims againſt the Eſtate of Capt. *PETER MUMFORD*, late of Pomfret, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent :—All Perſons having Claims againſt ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to exhibit them within Six Months from this Date, that being the Time allowed for receiving ſaid Claims, and reporting thereon.——Attendance will be given on the *firſt Monday* of Auguſt, and *firſt Monday* of September, at the Houſe of Capt. Nathan Groveſnor, Pomfret.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are ſolicited to make immediate Payment to the Subſcriber, who is empowered by the Adminiſtrator to act in his Behalf.

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, 30th April, 1800.

Will ſtand at the Stable of Colonel *GEORGE IRISH*, in Middletown, this Seaſon, the noted Horſe YOUNG NIMROD, of Size, Figure, and Blood, which ſtood at the Stable of Nicholas Eaſton ſeveral Years paſt.——Terms, Five Dollars for an inſured Colt, Three Dollars the Seaſon, and Two Dollars for a ſingle Leap.

May 19, 1800.

Whereas Mary, Wife of the Subſcriber, has behaved herſelf in a very ſcandalous and unbecoming Manner ; this is therefore to forewarn all Perſons from truſting her on my Account, as I will pay no Debts of her contracting from this Date.

his
FORTUNE X STODDARD,
Mark.

Newport, May 19, 1800.

...th. The combined forces in this eaſe ...ill have a very powerful majority.

May 15.

The ſupercargo of the brig American, ...hich arrived on Tueſday at Baltimore ...rom St. Sebaſtians, in Spain, communicates ...e following information :—

That the American Envoys travelled ...rough the French territory, on their way ...o Paris, *incog.* but wherever they were ...iſcovered, were received and entertained ...ith the moſt enthuſiaſtic reſpect and hoſpi...ality—that they arrived in Paris a few ...ays before a National fete was performed ...n honor of our deceaſed *WASHINGTON*, ...hoſe buſt was placed in the gallery of the ...huilleries, in preſence of the Conſuls and ...hief officers of the French nation ; a par...icular ſeat being aſſigned to our Envoys, ...hey declined the intended honor, and mixed ...mong the croud of the populace.

The people of France look on the proſpect ...f a new campaign as certain ; and the ...nergies of the nation have received a new ...mpulſe from the unlimited confidence which ...uonaparte has inſpired.

The coolneſs with which the Chancellor ...f the Exchequer of Ireland and Mr. Grat...n retired from the Houſe of Commons to ...ght a duel, and in ſo ſhort time returned ...gain, reminds us of the powder and ſhot ...ociety eſtabliſhed in the year 1788 in Dub...in, when every member had a brace of piſtols ...t the ſide of his plate as regularly as we ...ow meet with glaſſes.—If any difference in ...onverſation occurred it was, "Sir, will you ...o me the honor to exchange a ſhot?" They ...etired immediately with two waiters by ...ay of ſeconds, to an adjacent chamber, and ...f it occaſioned a wound they would return ...o table, and no notice was taken of it in the ...lub. If either party fell, it was a ſtanding ...rder that no inquiry ſhould be made for ...im.

NEW-LONDON, May 14.

On Monday laſt the body of an infant, ...as found in the dock, between Hallam and ...umford's wharves. From appearance it ...as murdered before being thrown into the ...ater. It had been ſome time in the water.

BOSTON, May 12.

FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN.

On Saturday laſt arrived in the outer har...our the ſhip Favourite, Capt. Ellery, from ...alaga, via Gibralter, 32 days from the lat...r place, by which we have received the ...llowing information :

A letter from a houſe of the firſt reſpectabi...lity at Gibraltar, dated, March 31ſt, 1800, informs that,

"Affairs in Italy have rather a favorable ...ſpect ; and it is probable more of that ...ountry will be freed from the French this ...ummer, than was expected.

"The remains of the army of Egypt, ...late Buonaparte's) have capitulated with ...he Turks, and are to be ſent home, and not ...o ſerve again during the war. The return ...f theſe people to France will be of no ſer...ice to Buonaparte's cauſe, as they blame ...im much for leaving them."

VALUABLE CAPTURE.

The following particulars are extracted from the minutes of the ſhip Favorite, Capt. Ellery, from Gibralter.

"On the 8th April, fell in with the Levi...athen of 74 guns, Admiral Duckworth, who ...ad with him two Spaniſh frigates and 7 ...paniſh merchantmen, captured two days ...efore, bound from Cadiz to Lima. They ...ad been with Admiral Duckworth all the ...ight, preceding their capture, miſtaking her ...or one of themſelves, and did not 'till the ...orning diſcover their error, when the two ...rigates were engaged by the Leviathen, to ...hom they ſtruck after a ſmart action!!

The Swiftſure, Capt. Hallowell, had been ...ent by the Admiral in chaſe of other ſhips ...f the ſame convoy—ſucceſs unknown.

LOSS of the BRITISH SHIP, QUEEN CHARLOTTE, of 100 GUNS.

We have letters from the Streights, which announce the loſs of this valuable ſhip which took fire, on the 17th March laſt, and blew up. The particulars are, that ſhe took fire in ſight of Leghorn, by accident, and was conſumed ; out of 800 ſouls on board, but 130 were ſaved—the Captain and Lieuten...ant, and many other officers, were among the loſt ; ſhe was Lord Keith's flag-ſhip, but fortunately his Lordſhip's was on ſhore, when the diſaſter took place. The following is a copy of the letter, addreſſed to the Maſ...ter of the American ſhip Caſtor and Pollux, from Lord Keith, in teſtimony of his grati...tude for the aſſiſtance granted the unhappy crew by him, and other American maſters preſent :

Legborn, 25th March, 1800.

SIR,

Having been made acquainted by the offi...cers ſaved from the wreck of His Britannic Majeſty's ſhip, Queen Charlotte, on the 17th inſt. with the activity and humanity, evinced by you, and the Maſters and Crews of other ſhips belonging to the United States of America, whoſe names I have not been able to obtain : I beg leave to offer you and them my ſincere acknowledgments, and to aſſure you that I ſhall have great pleaſure in communicating to the Lords Commiſſion...ers of the Admiralty, the importance of the ſervices which were rendered by you and them, to the unhappy ſufferers, on that me...lancholy occaſion.

I am, Sir, your humble ſervant,

(Signed) KEITH.

Mr. ROBINSON, *Maſter of the American ſhip Caſtor & Pollux.*

May 17.

FROM EUROPE.

Since our laſt, the ſhip Galen, Capt. Sew...ard, has arrived here from London. Our files of London papers are to the 23d March —a few days later than before received in the United States.

On the 22d March, five of the delayed Mails from Hamburgh, arrived at London. Their contents are not very important ; but they bear indications of a negociation for Peace between the Emperor of Germany, and the Prime Conſul of France.—Theſe in...dications appear in the continual interchange of ccuriers, and communications between the two cabinets ;—in the propoſition which Buonaparte has made to withdraw all his troops from Italy, and make the Rhine the boundaries of the Republic ; in the inacti...vity, or mere parade of warlike preparation, which prevails in both armies ; and, it is added, in the precarious ſituation in which Auſtria finds itſelf from the rapidly declin...ing health of the Emperor ; and from the neceſſity it will be under to require the aſſiſt...ance of France in preventing, in caſe of the death of the Emperor, the King of Pruſſia being elected King of the Romans ; and conſequently the Imperial diadem from be...ing transferred to the Houſe of Branden...bourg. It is a fact, that one of Buonaparte's principal Generals remained at the Auſtrian head-quarters ſeveral days, perfectly at lib...erty ; and that French officers of rank are frequently paſſing thoſe head-quarters from Paris to Vienna, and back. Either Prince Charles does not expect a renewal of hoſtili...ties, or he has no naked parts which he fears ſhould be expoſed. The Britiſh government writers, admit the poſſibility of the report reſpecting this negociation to be well found...ed ; and aver they can ſee nothing in it alarming to Great-Britain ; as ſhe will be able to command a better Peace when ſtand...ing alone, than when compelled to ſacrifice its conqueſts to the intereſts of others.

The Auſtrian army is in great force, ex...ceeding 150,000 troops plentifully ſupplied, and well paid. The health of the Archduke has made it neceſſary for him to repair to Tophtz.—Gen. Kray commands in chief in his abſence.

In Italy, it is ſaid, the French garriſon of Genoa has made propoſitions to Gen. Ott, to evacuate the place. The Auſtrians are in force in the neighbourhood of Genoa ; and have opened their trenches before Gavi.

The Ruſſian troops have poſſitively return...ed home ; and the Emperor of Ruſſia has officially notified the Courts of Berlin and Dreſden thereof.—It is, however, ſtill main...tained that 45,000 of theſe iron caſed vete...rans will be employed by Great Britain, in enterprizes and expeditions.

Several accounts mention a negociation between the Grand Vizier and General Kle...ber in Egypt for the evacuation of that country by the French.

An expedition, in which 17 batallions of Engliſh troops were to be employed, be...ſides Ruſſians, was in readineſs to ſail, when the Galen left England. It is commanded by Gen. Stuart. Its deſtination is ſuppoſed to be Malta ; and when reinforced, Egypt.

We do not learn any particulars of the progreſs of the negociation at Paris. Our Envoys we find attended the Funeral Eulo...gy pronounced at the Pantheon, in honor of WASHINGTON.

In Ireland, ſtrong ſymptoms of rebellion have re-appeared in ſeveral counties ; a new "Rebellion Bill" has paſſed the Iriſh Par...liament ; and large bodies of troops were embarked in England for Ireland. The buſineſs of the Union is generally ſettled : —but the bill has to receive the ſanction of the Britiſh Parliament.

Mr. Sitgreaves has ſafely arrived in London, on negociations reſpecting the Britiſh treaty.

Iſrael Wheeling, Eſq; is nominated Pur...veyor of Public Supplies, vice Mr. Francis, deceaſed.

SLAVE-TRADE.

By the additional Law which has juſt paſſed Congreſs, it is enacted, That the Secretary of the Treaſury cauſe an abſtract of all judgments, which ſhall be rendered againſt perſons concerned in this trade, to be publiſhed in one or more news-papers ; and the party againſt whom judgment ſhall be rendered, ſhall ever after ſaid judgment, be incapable of holding, in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, any veſſel, regiſtered under the laws of the *United States* ; and ſhall be incapable of enjoying any commer...cial privileges or advantages, which are or may be conferred on citizens of the *United States*.

NEWPORT, *May* 20.

The Hon. JOHN MARSHALL, Eſq; of Virginia, has been nominated Secretary of State, vice Timothy Pickering, Eſq.

The Hon. SAMUEL DEXTER, Eſq; Sena...tor of the United States for the State of Maſſachuſetts, has been nominated Secre...tary of War, vice James M'Henry, Eſq; reſigned.

Jared Ingerſoll, Eſq; is nominated At...torney of the United States, for the Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, vice William Rawle, Eſq; reſigned.

Joſhua Johnſon, Eſq; of Georgetown, Maryland, formerly Conſul of the United States at London, is appointed Superintend...ant of the General Stamp-Office, to be eſta...bliſhed at the City of Waſhington.

We learn, from very reſpectable Autho...rity at Philadelphia, that the Obſervations which *originated* the Diſpute, between Mr. Champlin and Mr. Bayard, were made by Mr. Bayard, on the comparative Impor...tance of the State of Rhode-Iſland and De...laware ; in which he ſpoke ſo diminutively of the State of Rhode-Iſland as to offend Mr. Champlin, who thought the Honor and Dignity of his State implicated.

The Ship Hercules, Capt. Dawſon, is ar...rived at Savannah from Guernſey. When Captain Dawſon left Guernſey there were 12,000 Ruſſian Troops there, and more daily expected to join them on an Expedition a...gainſt the Coaſt of France.

On Thurſday the 8th Inſtant, the General Election of civil Officers of the State of Connecticut was held at Hartford, when his Excellency Jonathan Trumbull, was re...elected Governor, and the Honorable John Treadwell, Lieut. Gov. almoſt unanimouſly. The old Members of the Council were all re-elected, except Mr. Swift, now abſent as Secretary in the Embaſſy to France, in whoſe Place John Allen, Eſq; late Repre...ſentative in Congreſs, is elected. John C. Smith, Eſq; is choſen Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

DIED.]—At New-London, *John Hallam*, Eſq; Caſhier of Union Bank, aged 38 Years, much and deſervedly regretted.

—At Middletown (on this Iſland) the 18th Inſtant, in the 87th Year of her Age, Mrs. *Rebecca Barker*, Widow of the late John Barker, Eſq.

Meteorological TABLE. Fahren. Therm. 1800.

Mar.	Thermo. 7 A.M.	Deg.	Thermo. 3 P.M.	Wind. 7 A.M.	Wind. 3 P.M.	Weather. 7 A.M.	Weather. 3 P.M.
13	58		59	SW.	Do.	Fog.	Fair.
14	56		58	N.	SW.	Fair.	Do.
15	57		59	S.	N.	Cloudy.	Rain.
16	58		59	N.	SE.	Fair.	Do.
17	57		59	N.	SE.	Fair.	Cloudy.
18	59		61½	SE.	Do.	Cloudy.	Rain.
19	62		67	SE.	NW.	Cloudy.	Fair.

CUSTOM-HOUSE,

District of NEWPORT, May 19.

ENTERED,	*From*
Sloop Ranger, Bliven,	New-York
Schooner Liberty, Chace,	Beacon-Iſland
Sloop Eagle, Earl,	New-York
—— Concord, Cahoone,	Ditto
—— Liberty, Mooers,	Nantucket
CLEARED,	*For*
Snow Mary, Tayer,	Havanna
Sloop Little-Charlotte, Cornell,	Ditto
—— Patſey, Peaſe,	Cherry-Stone
—— Semiramis, Marſhall,	New-York
—— Leopard, Farnam,	Providence
—— Polly, Tripp,	Stonington

TO BE LET,

About 25 Acres of LAND, a little Eaſtward of Mr. *BRINLY's* Rope-walk, very ſuitable for Paſturage.——Any Perſon having Cows, &c. to paſture, may know the Terms by applying to

SAMUEL F. GARDNER.

Newport, May 19, 1800

FOR SALE,

Four Thouſand Clapboards.—Apply to JUDAH M. ISAACKS.

Newport, May 20, 1800.

Wanted, as an Apprentice to the BAKING Buſineſs, a ſtout, active Lad, of about 16 Years of Age.——Apply to

BENJAMIN HILL.

Newport, May 20, 1800.

All Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of ABEL COTTRELL, late of South-Kingſtown, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent, are hereby notified to exhibit the ſame for Allowance, within ſix Months from the Date hereof, to the Sub...ſcribers, who are duly appointed Commiſſion...ers, to receive and examine the ſame.

SAMUEL E. GARDINER,
JOHN HAGABORN.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to make Payment to

ABEL COTTRELL, *Executor.*

South-Kingstown, May 14, 1800.

NOTICE.

The Drawing of the BARRING...TON MEETING-HOUSE LOTTERY is, on Account of the Indiſpoſition of one of the Managers, poſtponed to Monday the 23d of June next—at which Time it will poſi...tively commence, and be continued from Day to Day until completed.

JOSHUA BICKNALL,
THOMAS ALLEN, } *Managers.*

Barrington, 15th May, 1800.

*** Tickets, in the above Lottery, may be had at the Book-Store of *WILLIAM R. WILDER*, in Thames-ſtreet, Newport.

SCHEME,

OF the Second and laſt claſs of the PHILANTHROPIC LOTTERY, granted by the Legiſlature of the ſtate of Vermont at their ſeſſion in October, 1798, for the benefit of the unfortunate Mr. HAWKINS.

Prizes.		*Dollars.*		*Dollars.*
1	of	3000	is	3000
4		1000		4000
8		500		4000
12		100		1200
100		50		5000
100		25		2500
200		10		2000
3575		4		14300
				36000

4000 *Prizes*, 8000 *Blanks.* } *Two blanks to a prize*

1200 *tickets at* 3 *dolls. each are* 36000

(Subject to a deduction of 15 per cent.)

The laſt drawn Blank will be entitled to One Thouſand Dollars, being one of the *Four* One Thouſand Dollar Prizes ; which will be reſerved for that purpoſe.

The Drawing of ſaid Lottery will com...mence in Boſton, on the 28th day of July next.

SETH STORRS, *Manager.*
JOHN BOYLE, Boſton,
Appointed to ſuperintend the Drawing.

☞ Tickets and parts of Tickets in the above Lottery may be had at the Poſt-Office, Newport.

THOMAS HOWLAND,
BROKER,

HAS FOR SALE,

Ten Shares in the Newport In...ſurance Company.

One Right in the Ohio's Company's Purchaſe.

400 Wt. Deck Nails.

A few Barrels of Real Strain'd Oil.

Three Hogſheads Jamaica Sugars, of a ſuperior Quality.

A few Pieces Dowlas and Oil-Cloths.

30 Wt. Indigo of a good Quality.

Newport, May 19, 1800.

Whereas the Hon. Court of Pro...bate having appointed Ebenezer Kinſbury, Eſq; Capt. Evan Malbone, and Mr. Benja...min Durkee, of Pomfret, in the State of Connecticut, Commiſſioners to receive and examine the Claims againſt the Eſtate of Capt. *PETER MUMFORD*, late of Pomfret, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent :—All Per...ſons having Claims againſt ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to exhibit them within Six Months from this Date, that being the Time allow...ed for receiving ſaid Claims, and reporting thereon.——Attendance will be given on the *firſt Monday* of Auguſt, and *firſt Mon...day* of September, at the Houſe of Capt. Nathan Groveſnor, Pomfret.

All Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate are ſolicited to make immediate Payment to the Subſcriber, who is empowered by the Adminiſtrator to act in his Behalf.

ANTHONY DIXON.

Newport, 30th April, 1800.

Will ſtand at the Stable of Colonel *GEORGE IRISH*, in Middletown, this Seaſon, the noted Horſe YOUNG NIMROD, of Size, Figure, and Blood, which ſtood at the Stable of Nicholas Eaſton ſeveral Years paſt.——Terms, Five Dollars for an inſured Colt, Three Dollars the Seaſon, and Two Dollars for a ſingle Leap.

May 19, 1800.

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his
FORTUNE X STODDARD,
Mark.

Newport, May 19, 1800.

ON THE
DEATH OF GEN. WASHINGTON,
WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE DEC. 14, 1799.
AGED SIXTY-EIGHT.

LAMENTED Chief! at thy diſtinguiſh'd deeds,
The world ſhall gaze with wonder and applauſe;
While on fair Hiſt'ry's page the Patriot reads
Thy matchleſs valour in thy Country's cauſe.

Yes, it was thine, amid deſtructive War,
To ſhield it nobly from Oppreſſion's chain;
By juſtice arm'd to brave each threat'ning jar,
Aſſert its freedom, and its rights maintain.

Much honor'd ſtateſman, huſband, father, friend,
A generous Nation's grateful tears are thine;
E'en unborn ages ſhall thy worth commend,
And never-fading laurels deck thy ſhrine.

Illuſtrious Warrior! on th' immortal baſe,
By Freedom rear'd, thy envied name ſhall ſtand;
And Fame, by truth inſpir'd, ſhall fondly trace
Thee, *pride and guardian of thy native land.*

T. GRANT.
~~*Barnard's Inn, London.*~~

Juſt Publiſhed,
And to be Sold by the Printer hereof,
A L A W
TO ESTABLISH AN
UNIFORM SYSTEM
OF
BANKRUPTCY
THROUGHOUT THE
UNITED STATES.
As finally paſſed and approved by the Preſident, April 4, 1800.

WASHINGTON ACADEMY.

THE Subſcribers to the Waſhington Academy are hereby informed, that the Aſſociation will meet by Adjournment on the firſt Wedneſday in June next, at the Dwelling-Houſe of Mr. Leonard Enſworth, in Wickford, at One o'Clock, P. M.—At which Time and Place, all Perſons concerned are requeſted to attend; for the Purpoſe of appointing Truſtees to ſaid Academy, agree upon a Petition to the Hon. General Aſſembly to grant a Charter of Incorporation, and tranſact ſuch other Buſineſs as may be thought proper.

N. B. Thoſe Perſons who have not already paid the *firſt Inſtalment* of their Subſcription, to Mr. Benjamin Fowler, Treaſurer of ſaid Inſtitution—are hereby earneſtly requeſted to pay Attention thereto.

WILLIAM G. SHAW, Clerk.
Wickford (North-Kingtown)
May 2, 1800.

JUDAH M. ISAACKS
Takes this Method of reſpectfully informing the Public at large, that he has undertaken the Buſineſs of a BROKER, in all its various Branches; and doubts not, from his indefatigable Exertions, to give his Employer perfect Satisfaction: He thanks his Old Friends for paſt Favours, and ſolicits a Continuance.

He has for Sale a convenient Houſe, not far from Waſhington Square, with four Rooms on a Floor, beſides a Kitchen, a good Cellar, and an excellent Well of Water; the Lot is 60 Feet Front and Rear, and 60 Feet deep—to be ſold with the ſaid Houſe, or ſeparately, a large Garden Lot, at a little Diſtance from it.

Alſo, a Number of other Houſes and Lots, in eligible Situations, cheap for Caſh.

He has to Let ſeveral genteel Apartments, ready furniſhed; and can procure any Kind of Furniture on the ſhorteſt Notice.

Wanted to Charter, a Sloop of about 50 Tons.

Newport, May 6, 1800.

GEORGE BAKER,
Reſpectfully informs the Public, That he carries on the COACH and CHAISE MAKING BUSSINESS, at his Shop in Broad-ſtreet, adjoining Mr. Jonathan Simmons's Blackſmith's Shop.

All Kinds of Repairing will be done at the above Buſineſs with Fidelity and Deſpatch, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms—all Orders immediately attended to, and the ſmalleſt Favours gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. The Subſcriber likewiſe makes and repairs all Kinds of Venetian Blinds, both real and mock, for Houſes and Carriages.

Newport, May 5, 1800.

BENJAMIN HADWEN
Has juſt received, and has for Sale at his Store, in Thames-ſtreet, Corner of the Old Church-Lane,
A freſh Aſſortment of
FALL and WINTER GOODS.
Newport, 2d of 12th Month, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN
Has juſt Received by the laſt Ships, via Philadelphia, and has for Sale, Wholeſale and Retail, at his Shop in Thames-ſtreet,
A new Supply of
Engliſh and India GOODS,
ſuitable for the preſent and approaching Seaſon, which makes his Aſſortment complete.

He has alſo for Sale, Window-Glaſs 10 by 12 per Box, and a very handſome Aſſortment of CUTLERY WARE, well aſſorted.

Likewiſe Pork per Barrel, and Molaſſes by the Hogſhead.

Any of the above Articles will be ſold cheap for Caſh or approved Notes.

Newport, May 5, 1800.

FOR SALE,
At O. FARNSWORTH's Printing-Office, in Thames-ſtreet (per Dozen or Single)
THE
COLUMBIAN
SPELLING-BOOK;
Being an eaſy Introduction to Spelling and Reading.
CONTAINING
A Selection of Words, in common Uſe, properly arranged and divided in ſuch a Manner, as to lead the Learner to the right Pronunciation.
Interſperſed with a Variety of eaſy Leſſons, entertaining Fables, and moral Sentences.
FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES.
By BENJAMIN HEATON, *A. M.*

SUSAN FOWLER
Has, in addition to her former aſſortment, very handſome Morocco and cloth ſhoes, by the dozen or ſingle pair; red ditto; lappet, embroidered and plain muſlins; elegant lace and cypreſs gauze for veils and trimmings; black ditto; ſhawls; black muſlins; white and colour'd kid gloves; common ditto; boys beaver hats.

Alſo, a new ſupply of China and Crockery.—All the above articles, with many others, ſhe will ſell as low as can be purchaſed in Newport.

Newport, 28th April, 1800.

☞ NOTICE.

The Connection in Buſineſs between the Subſcribers, under the Firm of *Maybew & Shaw*, Little-Compton, is this Day diſſolved, by mutual Conſent.——The Accounts of the Concern will be ſettled by *Joſiah C. Shaw*, who will, in future, conduct the Buſineſs on his ſole Account, and intends keeping a conſtant Supply of ſeaſonable Goods.

JOSIAH C. SHAW,
THADDEUS MAYHEW.
Little-Compton, April 18, 1800.

NEWPORT and *NEW-LONDON*
New Line of STAGES:

From New-London to Newport, twice a Week through Groton, Stonington, Weſterly, Charleſtown and South-Kingſtown &c.
(FOR THE WINTER SEASON)
—*AS FOLLOWS:*—
Leave New-London Mondays and Thurſdays at 9 A. M.
Arrive at Newport, Tueſdays and Fridays, at 12, A. M.
RETURNING,
Leave Newport, Tueſdays and Fridays, at 2, P. M.
Arrive at New-London, Wedneſdays and Saturdays, at 6, P. M.

EACH Paſſenger pays from New-London Ferry to Narraganſet Ferry, Three Dollars; the Remainder of the Road pays Fourpence Halfpenny per Mile, and are allowed Fourteen Pounds Baggage, each:——One Hundred Pounds extra Baggage pays the ſame as a Paſſenger.

Paſſengers at *Newport* may apply to Mr. *Townſend's*; and at *New-London*, at Mr. *Frink's* Tavern, where the Driver will call previous to his leaving thoſe Places.

ALL Favours will be gratefully received, and thankfully acknowledged, by the Public's obedient and very humble Servants,
PETER CRARY & CO.
Stonington-Port, October 21, 1799.

GIBBS & CHANNING
HAVE FOR SALE,
ST. Peterſburgh clean Hemp,
Ruſſia and Ravens Duck, firſt Quality—Cordage and Cables of all Dimenſions—Ruſſia and Swedes Iron, flat and ſquare.
BY THE PACKAGE.
Sheetings; Platilles Royales; Brittanias; Rouens; Sileſias; Creas-a la-Morlaix; Stripes and Checks; Dowlas; Oznabrigs; Ticklenburghs; Sailors blue and white Linen; Bedticking; Linen for fine Shirts; Diaper; Heſſian and brown Rolls; Linen for Bags; blue Broadcloths; German Flannels and Serges; Stationary, and Glaſs Ware, calculated for the Weſt-India Market, and intitled to Drawback on Exportation.
New-England Rum by the Hogſhead or Cargo, on ſhort Notice; Molaſſes, per Hogſhead; Holland Gin, per Pipe; 6 by 8, and 7 by 9, Window Glaſs; ſuperfine and fine Flour; Salt by the Quantity; Lead by the Ton.
Newport, Dec. 6, 1799.

A new Supply of Fall & Winter Goods.
JOHN BOURS, jun.
Reſpectfully informs his FRIENDS, *and the* PUBLIC *in general,*
That he has juſt received, at his STORE, *oppoſite General* MARTIN'S,
A Beautiful Aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable DRY GOODS, which he is determined to ſell very low.
Alſo, two Boxes of elegant TRUXTON HATS.
He returns his Thanks to his Cuſtomers, and requeſts a Continuance of their Favours.
Newport, Dec. 2, 1799.

ROBERT LAWTON
Reſpectfully informs his old Customers, his Friends, and the Public, that he has juſt received, and has for Sale, at his Store in Thames-ſtreet, Three Doors below the Poſt-Office
AN elegant Variety of faſhionable GOODS, adapted to the approaching Seaſon;—which are, in Addition to his former beautiful Aſſortment of Satins, India Luteſtrings, Modes, Calicoes, Chintzes, Linens, Ladies Hats, &c. &c.
All which Goods will be ſold at a very low Advance.
Thoſe who will pleaſe to call at his Store, he flatters himſelf, will not be diſappointed in the Quality of his Goods, the Prices of them, or the Treatment they will receive.
Newport, Nov. 26, 1799.

PATENT PERPETUAL LOG.
The Public are reſpectfully informed, that a Machine for aſcertaining to Exactneſs, a Veſſel's Way at Sea, has been invented by *CHESTER GOULD*, and the Patent Right ſecured—The Superiority of this Machine in Point of mathematical Certainty to the common Log, renders this Invention of the utmoſt Importance to the World—ſaid Machine hath undergone many ſucceſsful Experiments, and is now exhibited to the Public for Sale.
Gentlemen who wiſh to ſee or purchaſe ſaid Log, will pleaſe to call at the Store of WILLIAM R. WILDER, in Thames-ſtreet, where every Information will be given.
Newport, April 7, 1800.

THE PUBLIC
Are reſpectfully informed, that having made a Trial of *GOULD'S PATENT SEA LOG*, on our Voyage from America to Europe; and by paying ſtrict Attention to the ſame, found the Principle on which the Machine is conſtructed to be juſt, and accurate in its Meaſurement; but ours being the firſt that ever went to Sea, and owing to the Badneſs of the ſodering, the fly Wheel failed.
Yet this cannot be conſidered as any Objection to the Utility of the Machine. I have examined the Machine on its preſent Conſtruction, and from the Improvements that have been made, agreeably to what was ſuggeſted to the Proprietors, can give it candidly as my Opinion, that it is capable of meeting every Circumſtance at Sea, Currents excepted, and give the true Diſtance ſailed, and contribute greatly to the Eaſe and Accuracy of keeping a Ship's Reckoning. (Signed) JOHN GALVEN,
Sailing Maſter of the United States Frigate.
The Maſters and Owners of Veſſels are reſpectfully informed, that Gould's Patent perpetual Sea Log, is now offered by W. R. WILDER, at his Book-ſtore, Thames-ſtreet, Newport.
Who has conſtantly for Sale, a general Aſſortment of Seamens' Books, Charts, Scales and Dividers, &c. with almoſt every Article in the Stationary Line.
Newport, May 5, 1800.

CHRISTOPHER CHAMPLIN
HAS FOR SALE,
St. Peterſburg Clean Hemp,
Swedes Iron,
Souchong Tea, per Cheſt,
And Molaſſes per Hogſhead.
Newport, Sept. 24th, 1799.

C. FOWLER & Comp.
HAVE FOR SALE,
A freſh Supply of *Baltimore, Alexandria* and *New-York,*
FLOUR,
per Quantity, ſingle Barrel, or Half Barrel;
ALSO,
A general Aſſortment of GROCERIES as uſual.
Newport, Feb. 17, 1800.

FOR SALE,
The STORE, in the New-Lane, formerly the Property of Thomas Ruſſell.——Apply to
W. HUNTER.
Newport, April 4, 1800.

GODFREY WENWOOD
Has for Sale,
NEW ſuperfine and common Flour per Barrel—Middlings Ditto—Miſtic Tile, per Dozen—and Blown Salt, per Buſhel or leſs Quantity. Alſo,
A large Quantity of SHIP-BREAD, of an excellent Quality; and WHEAT BRAN, by the Buſhel.
Newport, Feb. 18, 1800.

TOBACCO.
KAIGHN & CAHOONE
HAVE FOR SALE,
10 Hogſheads *firſt Quality* Georgia Tobacco.
Manufactured Tobacco—ſuch as Pigtail, Negro-Head, Cut, Segars, Snuff, &c. very Cheap.
All Warranted to be good, and may be returned if they do not prove ſo.
☞ WANTED, immediately, Two APPRENTICES.
Newport, March 10, 1800.

FOR SALE,
A LOT containing near Four Acres, with a very convenient well-finiſhed Dwelling-Houſe, Chaiſe-Houſe and Stable, and good Well of Water thereon, ſituated on Tanner and Warner Streets, in the Northerly Part of the Town of Newport.
Alſo to be LET, and entered the 7th of May next, the Dwelling-Houſe, Chaiſe-Houſe and Stable, in Broad-ſtreet, now improved by Capt. *ISRAEL AMBROSE.*——Any Perſon inclining to Purchaſe, or Hire the latter Part of the above Eſtates, will apply to
OLIVER READ.
Newport, April 22, 1800.

Juſt received, by the Ship Semiramis, Cap Jacob Smith, from Canton.
GUNPOWDER
Hyſon
Souchong
Bohea
} Teas, per Cheſt or ſmaller Quantity.
Tea Cadies.
Waiters.
Boglipores.
Fans, Umbrellas, &c. &c.
And for Sale, by
JOHN C. SCOTT.
Newport, June 25, 1799.

JOHN BOURS,
At the Sign of the GOLDEN EAGLE,
INVITES his Friends, old Cuſtomers and others, to his Shop, where a very handſome Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the Seaſon, juſt imported, will be found upon as low Terms, for Caſh, as at any Store in the State.
AMONG WHICH ARE,
A Variety of ſuperfine broad Cloths of the moſt faſhionable Colours—and Gentlemen's beſt Beaver Hats, of the neweſt Taſte.
Newport December 30, 1799.

Lately imported, from Canton, in the Ship Semiramis, Capt. SMITH, and for Sale,
By *THOMAS HANDY.*
Freſh TEAS of the firſt Qualities, viz.
GUNPOWDER,
HYSON,
SOUCHONG—and
BOHEA.
Alſo, at his Refinery, at the South-End of Thames-ſtreet, ſingle and double-refined SUGAR.
Newport, 8th October, 1799.

RAGS.
CASH and the higheſt Price, given for clean Cotton and Linen RAGS, by the Printer hereof.

ON THE
DEATH OF GEN. WASHINGTON,
WHO DEPARTED THIS LIFE DEC. 14, 1799.
AGED SIXTY-EIGHT.

LAMENTED Chief! at thy diſtinguiſh'd deeds,
The world ſhall gaze with wonder and applauſe;
While on fair Hiſt'ry's page the Patriot reads
Thy matchleſs valour in thy Country's cauſe.

Yes, it was thine, amid deſtructive War,
To ſhield it nobly from Oppreſſion's chain;
By juſtice arm'd to brave each threat'ning jar,
Aſſert its freedom, and its rights maintain.

Much honor'd ſtateſman, huſband, father, friend,
A generous Nation's grateful tears are thine;
E'en unborn ages ſhall thy worth commend,
And never-fading laurels deck thy ſhrine.

Illuſtrious Warrior! on th' immortal baſe,
By Freedom rear'd, thy envied name ſhall ſtand;
And Fame, by truth inſpir'd, ſhall fondly trace
Thee, *pride and guardian of thy native land.*

T. GRANT.
Barnard's Inn, London.

Juſt Publiſhed,
And to be Sold by the Printer hereof,
A L A W
TO ESTABLISH AN
UNIFORM SYSTEM
OF
BANKRUPTCY
THROUGHOUT THE
UNITED STATES.
As finally paſſed and approved by the Preſident, April 4, 1800.

WASHINGTON ACADEMY.

THE Subſcribers to the Waſhington Academy are hereby informed, that the Aſſociation will meet by Adjournment on the firſt Wedneſday in June next, at the Dwelling-Houſe of Mr. Leonard Enſworth, in Wickford, at One o'Clock, P. M.—At which Time and Place, all Perſons concerned are requeſted to attend; for the Purpoſe of appointing Truſtees to ſaid Academy, agree upon a Petition to the Hon. General Aſſembly to grant a Charter of Incorporation, and tranſact ſuch other Buſineſs as may be thought proper.

N. B. Thoſe Perſons who have not already paid the *firſt Inſtalment* of their Subſcription, to Mr. Benjamin Fowler, Treaſurer of ſaid Inſtitution—are hereby earneſtly requeſted to pay Attention thereto.

WILLIAM G. SHAW, Clerk.
Wickford (North-Kingtown)
May 2, 1800.

JUDAH M. ISAACKS
Takes this Method of reſpectfully informing the Public at large, that he has undertaken the Buſineſs of a BROKER, in all its various Branches; and doubts not, from his indefatigable Exertions, to give his Employer perfect Satisfaction: He thanks his Old Friends for paſt Favours, and ſolicits a Continuance.

He has for Sale a convenient Houſe, not far from Waſhington Square, with four Rooms on a Floor, beſides a Kitchen, a good Cellar, and an excellent Well of Water; the Lot is 60 Feet Front and Rear, and 60 Feet deep—to be ſold with the ſaid Houſe, or ſeparately, a large Garden Lot, at a little Diſtance from it.

Alſo, a Number of other Houſes and Lots, in eligible Situations, cheap for Caſh.

He has to Let ſeveral genteel Apartments, ready furniſhed; and can procure any Kind of Furniture on the ſhorteſt Notice.

Wanted to Charter, a Sloop of about 50 Tons.

Newport, May 6, 1800.

GEORGE BAKER,
Reſpectfully informs the Public, That he carries on the COACH and CHAISE MAKING BUSSINESS, at his Shop in Broad-ſtreet, adjoining Mr. Jonathan Simmons's Blackſmith's Shop.

All Kinds of Repairing will be done at the above Buſineſs with Fidelity and Deſpatch, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms—all Orders immediately attended to, and the ſmalleſt Favours gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. The Subſcriber likewiſe makes and repairs all Kinds of Venetian Blinds, both real and mock, for Houſes and Carriages.

Newport, May 5, 1800.

BENJAMIN HADWEN
Has juſt received, and has for Sale at his Store, in Thames-ſtreet, Corner of the Old Church-Lane,
A freſh Aſſortment of
FALL and WINTER GOODS.
Newport, 2d of 12th Month, 1799.

HENRY G. CHAMPLIN
Has juſt Received by the laſt Ships, via Philadelphia, and has for Sale, Wholeſale and Retail, at his Shop in Thames-ſtreet,
A new Supply of
Engliſh and India GOODS,
ſuitable for the preſent and approaching Seaſon, which makes his Aſſortment complete.

He has alſo for Sale, Window-Glaſs 10 by 12 per Box, and a very handſome Aſſortment of CUTLERY WARE, well aſſorted.

Likewiſe Pork per Barrel, and Molaſſes by the Hogſhead.

Any of the above Articles will be ſold cheap for Caſh or approved Notes.

Newport, May 5, 1800.

FOR SALE,
At O. FARNSWORTH's Printing-Office, in Thames-ſtreet (per Dozen or Single)
THE
COLUMBIAN
SPELLING-BOOK;
Being an eaſy Introduction to Spelling and Reading.
CONTAINING
A Selection of Words, in common Uſe, properly arranged and divided in ſuch a Manner, as to lead the Learner to the right Pronunciation.
Interſperſed with a Variety of eaſy Leſſons, entertaining Fables, and moral Sentences.
FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES.
By BENJAMIN HEATON, *A. M.*

SUSAN FOWLER
Has, in addition to her former aſſortment, very handſome Morocco and cloth ſhoes, by the dozen or ſingle pair; red ditto; lappet, embroidered and plain muſlins; elegant lace and cypreſs gauze for veils and trimmings; black ditto; ſhawls; black muſlins; white and colour'd kid gloves; common ditto; boys beaver hats.

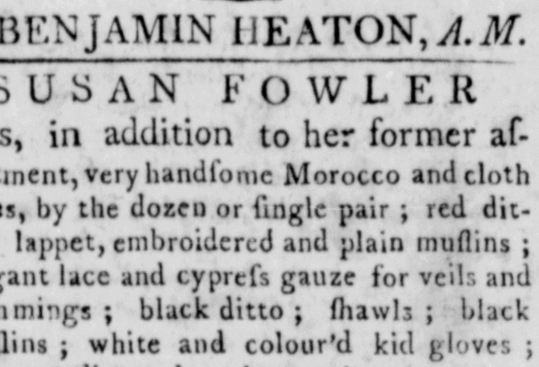
Alſo, a new ſupply of China and Crockery.—All the above articles, with many others, ſhe will ſell as low as can be purchaſed in Newport.

Newport, 28th April, 1800.

☞ NOTICE.

The Connection in Buſineſs between the Subſcribers, under the Firm of *Maybew & Shaw*, Little-Compton, is this Day diſſolved, by mutual Conſent.——The Accounts of the Concern will be ſettled by *Joſiah C. Shaw*, who will, in future, conduct the Buſineſs on his ſole Account, and intends keeping a conſtant Supply of ſeaſonable Goods.

JOSIAH C. SHAW,
THADDEUS MAYHEW.
Little-Compton, April 18, 1800.



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